Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended) A method of sorting a group of objects in accordance with an ascending sequence or a descending sequence of order numbers which are assigned to the objects, comprising: subjecting the group of objects in a plurality of successive sorting steps to a sorting treatment. depending on a sorting criterion as to whether an order number of a respective object has or would have a zero or a one in its binary representation at a point that depends on a relevant sorting step of said successive sorting steps, allocating the respective object to a respective first storage area or a respective second storage area for sorting treatment in a next sorting step of said successive sorting steps; further including providing each sorting step of said successive sorting steps with a new pair of first and second storage areas such that storage areas of each sorting step of said successive sorting steps serve as separate source storage areas for subsequent steps of said successive sorting steps, a least significant digit of the order number in a binary representation being relevant for said sorting criterion in a first sorting step of said successive sorting steps, and for each next sorting step of said successive sorting steps, a respective next most significant digit in the order number in the binary representation being

relevant for said sorting criterion

storage area sequence of first all the objects from a respective first storage area of said second sorting step and then the objects from a respective second storage area of said second sorting step or of first all the objects from the respective second storage area of said second sorting step and then the objects from the respective second storage area of said second sorting step and then the objects from the respective first storage area of said second sorting step being subjected to the sorting treatment, and maintaining said storage area sequence for all further sorting steps of said successive sorting steps so as to maintain the storage area sequence in which the objects were supplied to the respective first and second storage areas of the preceding sorting step. A method of sorting a group of objects in accordance with an ascending sequence or a descending sequence of order numbers assigned to each of the objects, by performing a sequence of successive sorting steps, said method comprising steps of:

providing a pair of first and second storage areas for each sorting step of said sequence of successive sorting steps, each pair of first and second storage areas serving as separate source storage areas for subsequent steps;

for each object, determining whether a binary representation of the order number for the object has a zero or a one at a digit point in the binary representation based on a current sorting step, the digit point being a least significant digit of the binary representation for the first sorting step of said successive sorting steps, and for each next sorting step, the point being the respective next most significant digit in the binary

representation; and

allocating each object to the first storage area or the second storage area

corresponding to the current sorting step based upon the result of the determining step:

wherein, for each sorting step from the second sorting step on, the determining step and allocating step are performed for each object sequentially either beginning with objects in the first storage area corresponding to the previous step, and next performing the determining step and allocating step for all the objects in the second storage area corresponding to the previous step objects, or beginning with objects in the second storage area corresponding to the previous step, and next performing the determining step and allocating step for all the objects in the first storage area corresponding to the previous step objects.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, further including:

at least one preparation step of subdividing the group of objects in at least one preparation step into a subgroup first group of objects whose order number is less than a relevant predetermined number, and into a second group of objects whose order number is equal to or greater to than the predetermined number, and

<u>a step of sorting each subgroup.</u>

Claim 3 (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 2, further including a step of combining the subgroups in order after being sorted.

Claims 4 and 5 (Cancelled).

Claim 6 (Currently Amended) A sorting device for sorting objects in accordance with the method as claimed in claim 1, the sorting device being part of a suspension conveying device, in which conveyed goods carriers are moved and guided on guide rails, along relevant conveying paths, as transport means for the objects, the sorting device comprising the following features: a first conveying path section to be used as a first destination storage area (ZS1) and a second conveying path section to be used as a second destination storage area, a conveying path section to be used as a first source storage area (QS1) and a conveying path section to be used as a second source storage area (QS2) for providing the objects located on conveyed goods carriers for sorting treatment during a respective sorting step, at least one diverter device (W) between the source storage areas (QS1, QS2) and the destination storage areas (ZS1, ZS2), at least one data reading device (L), provided close to the diverter device (W), for registering order numbers of objects which are supplied to the diverter device (W), a control device (S) that receives order number information from the data reading device (L) and which is set up to control the supply of the conveyed goods carriers with objects located on them to the diverter device (W) and to control the diverter position of the diverter device (W) in such a way that, according to the sorting criterion as to whether the order number of the object respectively fed to the diverter device (W) has or would have a zero or a one in its binary representation at a point that depends on the

relevant sorting step, the relevant objects in the sorting steps being supplied to the first destination storage area (ZS1) and from there to the first source storage area (QS1) or to the second destination storage area (ZS2) and from there to the second source storage area (QS2) for sorting treatment in the next sorting step, the least significant digit of the order number in the binary representation being relevant for the sorting criterion in the first sorting step and the respective next most significant digit in the order number in the binary representation being relevant for the sorting criterion in the successive further sorting steps and, beginning at the second sorting step, either first all the objects from the first source storage area (QS1) and then the objects from the second source storage area (QS2) or first all the objects from the second source storage area (QS2) and then the objects from the first source storage area (QS1) maintaining the relevant source storage area sequence for all further sorting steps being supplied to the diverter device (W)A sorting device for sorting objects in accordance with the method as claimed in claim 1, the sorting device being part of a suspension conveying device in which conveyed goods carriers are moved and guided on guide rails along relevant conveying paths as transport means for the objects, the sorting device comprising:

a first pair of conveying path sections corresponding to first and second source storage area (QS1, QS2) corresponding to a first step in the sorting method;

a second pair of conveying path sections corresponding to first and second storage areas (ZS1, ZS2) for a second sorting step in the sorting method;

at least one diverter device (W) between the second pair of storage areas (QS1, QS2) and the first pair of storage areas (ZS1, ZS2),

at least one data reading device (L), provided close to the diverter device (W) for registering order numbers of objects which are supplied to the diverter device (W); and

a control device (S) that receives order number information from the data reading device (L), controls the supply of the conveyed goods carriers to the diverter device (W), and controls the diverter position of the diverter device (W) to allocate the objects from the first pair of storage areas (QS1, QS2) to the second pair of storage areas (ZS1, ZS2) based upon the order number information, in accordance with the determining and allocating steps of the method.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended) The sorting device as claimed in claim 6, the destination storage areas (ZS1, ZS2) and the source storage areas (QS1, QS2) are provided in conveying circuits (50i, 50a) which are connected to one another via the diverter device (W)wherein the second pair of storage areas (ZS1, ZS2) and the first pair of storage areas (QS1, QS2) are provided in conveying circuits (50i, 50a) which are connected to one another via the diverter device (W).

Claim 8 (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, further including providing a plurality of said first storage areas (21, 31, 41 ...) aligned end-to-end and a plurality of said second storage areas (22, 32, 42 ...) aligned end-to-end so that said successive sorting steps are carried out in different storage areas arranged in end-to-end relationships.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 8, further including providing said plurality of said first storage areas (21, 31, 41 ...) aligned end-to-end in a generally linear relationship and said plurality of said second storage areas (22, 32, 42 ...) aligned end-to-end in a generally linear relationship so that said successive sorting steps are carried out along a generally linear path.

Claim 10 (Withdrawn) A method of sorting a group of objects in accordance with a sequence of order numbers assigned to the objects, comprising:

in a first sorting step, allocating a respective object into to a first storage area or into a second storage area based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

in a second sorting step, allocating a respective object into said first or second storage area in a storage area sequence of first objects from one of said first or second storage areas and then objects from the other of said first or second storage areas based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

in later sorting steps, allocating respective objects into said first or second storage areas, while maintaining the storage area sequence of the second sorting step, based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation, and

providing the group of objects to be sorted in the range of between 0 and 2^N -1, wherein N is the number of sorting steps.

Claim 11 (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 10, further including providing separate first storage areas and separate second storage areas in a plurality

of said sorting steps.

Claim 12 (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 11, further including providing separate diverter devices in between a plurality of said storage areas.

Claim 13 (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 11, further including providing a plurality of first storage areas along a first generally linear path and a plurality of second storage areas along a second linear path.

Claim 14 (Withdrawn) A method of sorting a group of objects in accordance with a sequence of order numbers assigned to the objects, comprising:

in a first sorting step, allocating a respective object into to a first storage area or into a second storage area based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

in a second sorting step, allocating a respective object into said first or second storage area in a storage area sequence of first objects from one of said first or second storage areas and then objects from the other of said first or second storage areas based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

in later sorting steps, allocating respective objects into said first or second storage areas, while maintaining the storage area sequence of the second sorting step, based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation, and

further including comparing a sorting state with a desired sorting state and upon the occurrence of an error repeating said sorting steps.

Claim 15 (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 14, further including Page 9 of 16

providing separate first storage areas and separate second storage areas in a plurality of said sorting steps.

Claim 16 (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 15, further including providing separate diverter devices in between a plurality of said storage areas.

Claim 17 (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 15, further including providing a plurality of first storage areas along a first generally linear path and a plurality of second storage areas along a second linear path.

Claim 18 (Withdrawn) A method of sorting a group of objects in accordance with a sequence of order numbers assigned to the objects, comprising:

in a first sorting step, allocating a respective object into to a first storage area or into a second storage area based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

in a second sorting step, allocating a respective object into said first or second storage area in a storage area sequence of first objects from one of said first or second storage areas and then objects from the other of said first or second storage areas based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

in later sorting steps, allocating respective objects into said first or second storage areas, while maintaining the storage area sequence of the second sorting step, based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation, and

further including subdividing the group in at least on preparation step into a subgroup of objects whose order number is less than a relevant predetermined number,

and into a group of objects whose order number is equal to or greater than the predetermined number, and each subgroup being sorted.

Claim 19 (Withdrawn) A method as claimed in claim 18, further including combining the subgroups in order after being sorted.

Claim 20 (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 18, further including providing a plurality of first storage areas along a first generally linear path and a plurality of second storage areas along a second linear path.

Claim 21 (Withdrawn) An apparatus for sorting a group of objects in accordance with a sequence of order numbers assigned to the objects, comprising:

means for, in a first sorting step, allocating a respective object into to a first storage area or into a second storage area based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

means for, in a second sorting step, allocating a respective object into said first or second storage area in a storage area sequence of first objects from one of said first or second storage areas and then objects from the other of said first or second storage areas based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

means for, in later sorting steps, allocating respective objects into said first or second storage areas, while maintaining the storage area sequence of the second sorting step, based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation,

wherein the group of objects to be sorted is in the range of between 0 and 2^N-1, wherein N is the number of sorting steps.

Claim 22 (Withdrawn) An apparatus according to claim 21, further including independent first and second storage areas for each sorting step, such that each first and second storage area serves as separate source storage areas for subsequent steps.

Claim 23 (Withdrawn) An apparatus for sorting a group of objects in accordance with a sequence of order numbers assigned to the objects, comprising:

a plurality of independent first storage areas aligned together and a plurality of independent second storage areas aligned together;

a plurality of diverters for diverting objects between subsequent ones of said first and second storage areas,

a controller configured to control one diverter to, in a first sorting step, allocate a respective object into to one of said first or said second storage areas based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation, to control another diverter to, in a second sorting step, allocate a respective object into another of said first or second storage areas in a storage area sequence of first objects from one of said first or second storage areas and then objects from the other of said first or second storage areas based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation, and to control other diverters, in later sorting steps, to allocate respective objects into other first or second storage areas, while maintaining the storage area sequence of the second sorting step, based on a value of zero or one in a binary bit or remainder interrogation.